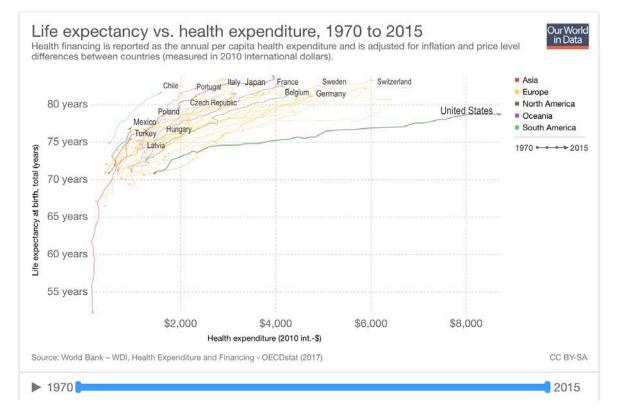
IMPROVNG HEALTH BEYOND CLINICAL EXCELLENCE:

THE NEXT GENERATION OF VALUE BASED CARE

Karen B. DeSalvo, MD, MPH, MSc September 27, 2018

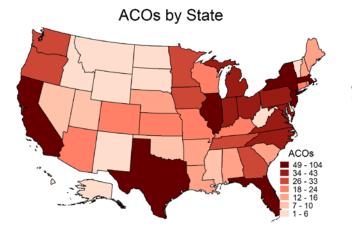
OUR PROBLEM TO SOLVE

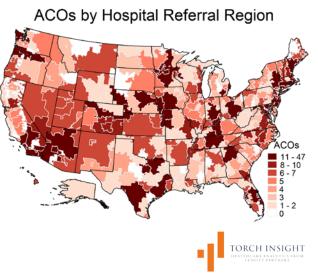


BETTER HEALTH CARE

- Move to value
- Public-private sector effort
 - Set goals for Medicare
- Significant Progress
 - Bent the cost curve
 - Quality and safety improved
 - Patient experience improved
 - Digital transformation

BROADLY DISTRIBUTED

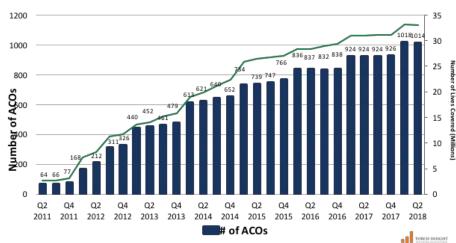




Source: Leavitt Partners Center for Accountable Care Intelligence

ONGOING MOVEMENT TO VALUE

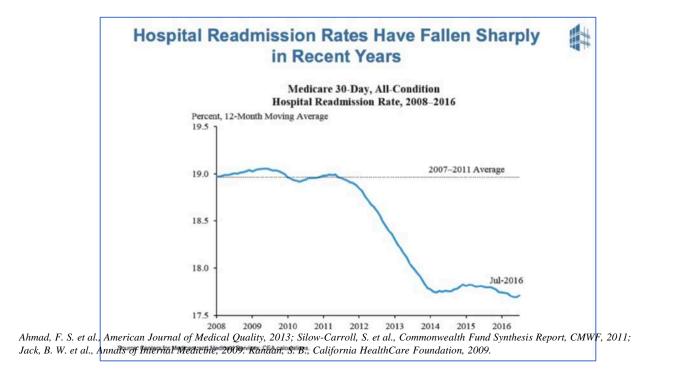
- Private sector
- Current Administration
- Congress
- Budgetary pressure
 - Federal outlays
 - State opportunity



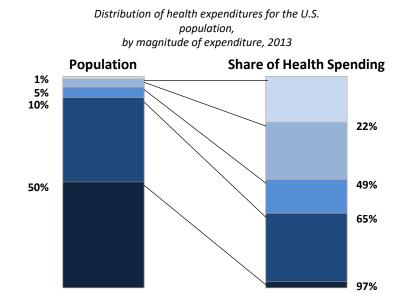
33 Million Lives

www.hcttf.org; www.hcp-lan.org

LIMITS TO OUR PROGRESS

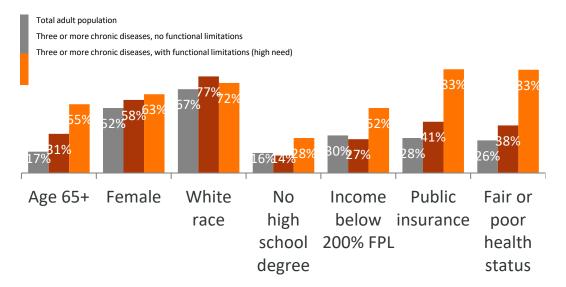


COSTS CONCENTRATED IN A FEW



•Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality analysis of 2013 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey; MEPS Statistical Brief 480.

MEDICALLY & SOCIALLY COMPLEX



Notes: Noninstitutionalized civilian population age 18 and older. Public insurance includes Medicare, Medicaid, or combination of both programs (dual eligible).

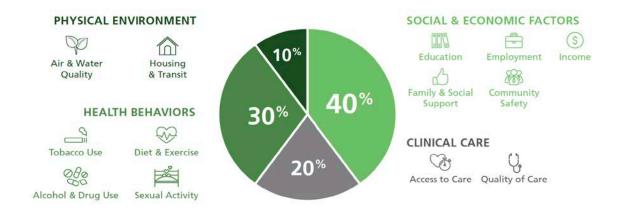
Data: 2009–2011 Medical Expenditure Panel Survey (MEPS). Analysis by C. A. Salzberg, Johns Hopkins University.

Source: S. L. Hayes, C. A. Salzberg, D. McCarthy, D. C. Radley, M. K. Abrams, T. Shah, and G. F. Anderson, High-Need, High-Cost Patients: Who Are They and How Do They Use Health Care? The Commonwealth Fund, August 2016.



SOCIAL DETERMINANTS

"conditions in the environments in which people are born, live, learn, work, play, worship, and age that affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality-of-life outcomes and risks." - Healthy People 2020



DEATHS OF DESPAIR



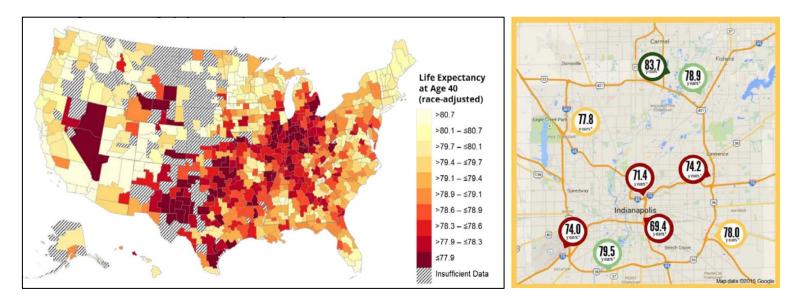
BROOKINGS NOW

Working class white Americans are now dying in middle age at faster rates than minority groups

Alison Burke - Thursday, March 23, 2017

BROOKINGS NOW

Our Zip Code Affects Our Health More Than Our Genetic Code...



Chetty et al. <u>JAMA</u> 2016;315(16):1750-1766; Weathers TD, et al (2015, July). Worlds Apart: Gaps in Life Expectancy at www.savi.org.

SOCIAL DETERMINANTS LINKED TO OUTCOMES

Economic Stability	Neighborhood and Physical Environment	Education	Food	Community and Social Context	Health Care System
Employment	Housing	Literacy	Hunger	Social integration	Health coverage
Income Expenses Debt Medical Bills Support	Transportation Safety Parks Playgrounds Walkability	Language Early childhood education Vocational training Higher education	Access to healthy options	Support systems Community engagement Discrimination	Provider availability Provider linguistic and cultural competency Quality of care
Health Mortality, Morbidity, Life Expectancy, Health Care READMISSION T NON-4		ectancy, Health Care Ex	Dutcomes xpenditures, Health Status, Functional Expectations. DHERENCE↑ COST↑ CTION↓ RISK↑		ost ↑

healthypeople2020.gov; Healthy People/Healthy Economy: An Initiative to Make Massachusetts the National Leader in Health and Wellness. 2015. Data from NEHI 2013. <u>http://www.tbf.org/tbf/56/hphe/Health-Crisis; www.ucsfsiren.org; www.nam.edu</u>

FROM THE FIELD

HEALTH BEYOND CLINICAL EXCELLENCE

Health generators

Health care	Social, environmental, behavioral factors	Genetics
20%	60%	20%

www.healthypeople2020.gov; Leavitt and DeSalvo, Modern Healthcare, 2017; adapted from James Rubin, TAVHealth

APPROACHES TO ADDRESSING SOCIAL DETERMINANTS

• Focused on significant <u>health challenge</u>

• Focused on a specific population

• Focused on a specific social determinant of health

STEPS TO ACTION

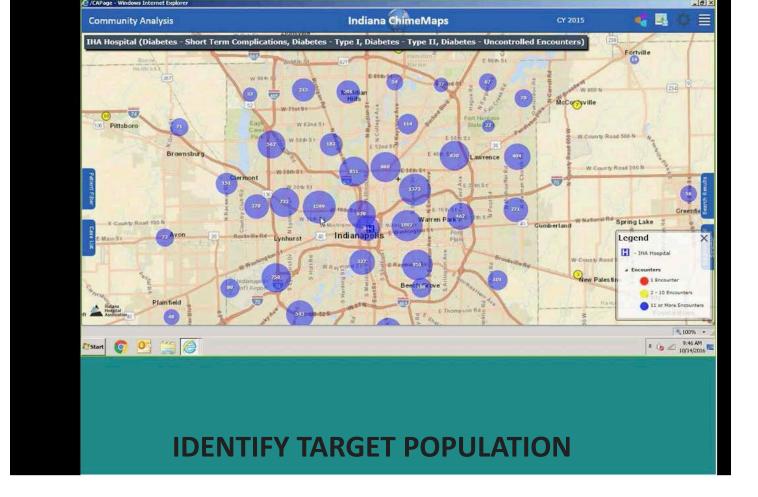
Identify Target Population

Identify Social Needs

Assess Community Resources

Develop Workflow to Support Referrals

Assess Impact



iana ChimeMaps Demo

IDENTIFY SOCIAL NEEDS

SDOH Assessment tools

- Many now available
- Most focused on "health-related social needs"

• Sample tools

- PRAPARE
- Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services
- Many homegrown

Box 1 | Accountable Health Communities Core Health-Related Social Needs Screening Questions

Underlined answer options indicate positive responses for the associated health-related social need. A value greater than 10 when the numerical values for answers to questions 7-10 are summed indicates a positive screen for interpersonal safety.

Housing Instability

- 1. What is your housing situation today?
- I do not have housing (I am staying with others, in a hotel, in a shelter, living outside on the street, on a beach, in a car, abandoned building, bus or train station, or in a park)
- I have housing today, but I am worried about losing housing in the future.

I have housing

- 2. Think about the place you live. Do you have problems with any of the following? (check all that apply)
 - **Bug** infestation
- Mold
- Lead paint or pipes
- Inadequate heat
- Oven or stove not working No or not working smoke detectors
- Water leaks
- None of the above

Food Insecurity

- 3. Within the past 12 months, you worried that your food would run out before you got money to buy more.
- Often true
- Sometimes true
- Never true
- 4. Within the past 12 months, the food you bought just didn't last and you didn't have money to get more.
- Often true
- Sometimes true
- Never true

- Leveraging clinical and claims data
- Scraping retail and other data
- Create social risk categories and scores
- Target action

Algorithms predict need for social determinants of health services

By Greg Slabodkin



Print

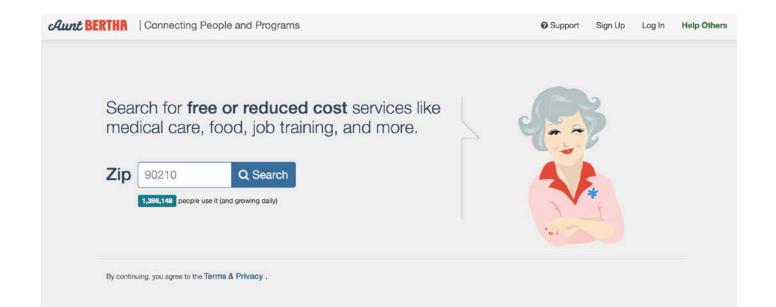
📔 Reprint

Published February 22 2018, 6:42am EST

More in Patient data Healthcare delivery EHR documentation Data sharing Mental health Affordable housing Algorithms developed by Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis and the Regenstrief Institute have been shown to accurately predict the need for social determinants of health (SDOH) service referrals among patients at a safety-net hospital by leveraging clinical and community-level data.

IUPUI and Regenstrief researchers utilized data from 48 socioeconomic and public health indicators to build the "random forest" decision models predicting the need for mental health, dietitian, social work and other SDOH service referrals for patients at Eskenazi Health in Indianapolis.

ASSESS RESOURCES



DIGITAL SUPPORTS

- Automating the process
- Linking to resources
- Closing the loop
- Generating data about met and unmet needs
- Creating opportunity to determine business case



STEPS TO ACTION

Identify Target Population

Identify Social Needs

Assess Community Resources

Develop Workflow to Support Referrals

Assess Impact



CHANGING THE CONTEXT

- Go beyond addressing social determinants of care
- Change upstream <u>context</u> social determinants of health
- Evolving levels of engagement:
 - 1. Refer to housing agency
 - 2. Pay for housing supportive services or Air-conditioner
 - 3. Build housing
- Anchor institution concept

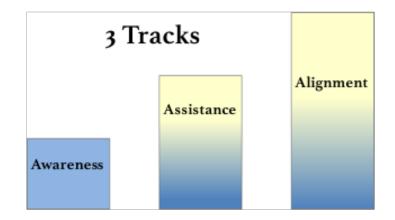
RESOURCES FOR ACTION



HOW WILL WE PAY FOR THIS?

FINANCING

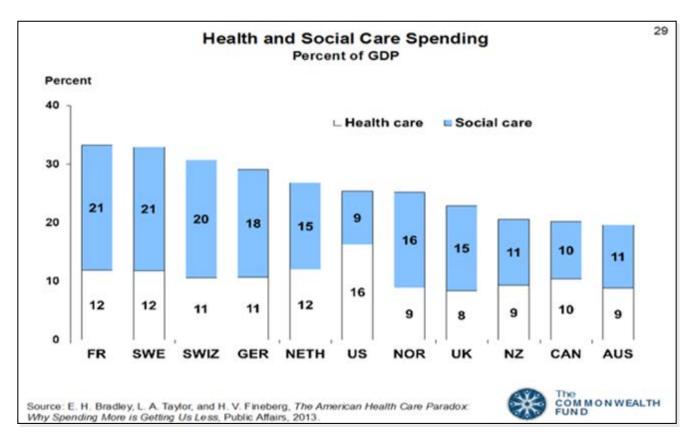
- Philanthropy
- Community benefit
- Health care dollars
 - Private plans
 - Medicaid
 - Medicare



Track 2Assistance – Provide community service navigation services to assist high-risk beneficiaries with accessing services

Track 3 Alignment – Encourage partner alignment to ensure that community services are available and responsive to the needs of beneficiaries

RETHINKING THE RESOURCES





INNOVATION OF SOCIAL SERVICES

How Rideshare Companies Can Address Social Determinants of Health

Rideshare companies have become an important vehicle for driving better patient care access and addressing the social determinants of health.



HEALTH WITHOUT HEALTH CARE



CVS Health goes virtual with telemedicine visits

By Rachel Z. Arndt | August 9, 2018

Following in the footsteps of Walgreens and Rite Aid, CVS Health is getting into the telehealth game.

CVS Health will now offer virtual visits for minor health proble move that could help the pharmacy chain reach consumers i tries to stay competitive in a space that might soon include *A* reportedly launching primary-care clinics for its employees in

Direct to consumer relationship...

Know their social determinants and health needs before they do.



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1. Begin with <u>better</u> health care move to value
- 2. Health <u>beyond</u> health care
- 3. Build a healthy <u>community</u>
- 4. Opportunities for innovation

CLOSING THOUGHTS

•Improving health and bringing value to the health care system will require **more than clinical excellence**

- •No one sector can do this alone
- •Will require public-private collaboration
- •Test and learn...scale...spread
- •Stakes are high

•Opportunity window that requires bold, strategic, collaborative and accelerated action

•By you – as health care leaders and as civic leaders

